

TES-3400 gk1

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Product and company identification

Common name : TES-3400 gk1
Internal code : IFS0109
Supplier : Innospec Fuel Specialties LLC
North American Headquarters
8375 South Willow Street
Littleton
Colorado 80124
USA
Information contact : 1-800-441-9547 / 1-303-792-5554
In case of emergency : **1-800-424-9300 (Chemtrec)**

2. Hazards identification

Physical state : Liquid.
Odor : Aromatic.
OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Emergency overview : **WARNING!**
FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. COMBUSTIBLE. HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN OR IF SWALLOWED. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE. POSSIBLE CANCER HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE CANCER, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.
Flammable liquid. Harmful in contact with skin and if swallowed. Severely irritating to eyes. Irritating to respiratory system and skin. May cause sensitization by skin contact. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Contains material that can cause target organ damage. Contains material which may cause cancer, based on animal data. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Potential acute health effects
Eyes : Severely irritating to eyes. Risk of serious damage to eyes.
Skin : Toxic in contact with skin. Irritating to skin. May cause sensitization by skin contact.
Inhalation : Irritating to respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Ingestion : Toxic if swallowed.
Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure : Pre-existing skin disorders and disorders involving any other target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.
See toxicological information (section 11)

3 . Composition/information on ingredients

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>%</u>
Light ends of Polyethylbenzene Residue	178535-25-6	14.9 - 30
solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	64742-94-5	9.99 - 14.9
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	9.99 - 14.9
o-Xylene	95-47-6	4.99 - 9.99
phenol, 2,2'-[(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis-	94-91-7	0.99 - 4.99
xylene	1330-20-7	0.99 - 4.99
naphthalene	91-20-3	0.99 - 4.99
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.09 - 0.99
Alkylated phenol	-	4.99 - 9.99

4 . First aid measures

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
- Skin contact** : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
- Inhalation** : Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

5 . Fire-fighting measures

- Flammability of the product** : May be combustible at high temperature.
- Products of combustion** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides
- Extinguishing media**
- Suitable** : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Not suitable** : Do not use water jet.
- Special exposure hazards** : Flammable liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6 . Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

6 . Accidental release measures

- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
- Methods for cleaning up** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

7 . Handling and storage

- Handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Storage** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

Product name

2-butoxyethanol

Exposure limits

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Skin

TWA: 25 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hour(s).

TWA: 120 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hour(s).

NIOSH REL (United States, 12/2001). Skin

TWA: 5 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hour(s).

TWA: 24 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 10 hour(s).

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2007).

TWA: 20 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hour(s).

OSHA PEL (United States, 11/2006). Skin

TWA: 50 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hour(s).

TWA: 240 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hour(s).

o-Xylene

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2007).

TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hour(s).

TWA: 434 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hour(s).

STEL: 150 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minute(s).

STEL: 651 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minute(s).

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hour(s).

TWA: 435 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hour(s).

STEL: 150 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minute(s).

STEL: 655 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minute(s).

NIOSH REL (United States, 12/2001).

TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hour(s).

8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

	<p>TWA: 435 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 10 hour(s). STEL: 150 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minute(s). STEL: 655 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minute(s). OSHA PEL (United States, 11/2006). TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hour(s). TWA: 435 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hour(s). ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2007). TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hour(s). TWA: 434 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hour(s). STEL: 150 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minute(s). STEL: 651 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minute(s). OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hour(s). TWA: 435 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hour(s). STEL: 150 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minute(s). STEL: 655 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minute(s). OSHA PEL (United States, 11/2006). TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hour(s). TWA: 435 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hour(s).</p>
xylene	
naphthalene	<p>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2007). TWA: 10 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hour(s). TWA: 52 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hour(s). STEL: 15 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minute(s). STEL: 79 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minute(s). OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 10 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hour(s). TWA: 50 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hour(s). STEL: 15 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minute(s). STEL: 75 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minute(s). NIOSH REL (United States, 12/2001). TWA: 10 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hour(s). TWA: 50 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 10 hour(s). STEL: 15 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minute(s). STEL: 75 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minute(s). OSHA PEL (United States, 11/2006). TWA: 10 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hour(s). TWA: 50 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hour(s).</p>
ethylbenzene	<p>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2007). TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hour(s). STEL: 125 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minute(s). OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hour(s). TWA: 435 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hour(s). STEL: 125 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minute(s). STEL: 545 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minute(s). NIOSH REL (United States, 12/2001). TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hour(s). TWA: 435 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 10 hour(s). STEL: 125 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minute(s). STEL: 545 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minute(s). OSHA PEL (United States, 11/2006). TWA: 100 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hour(s). TWA: 435 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hour(s).</p>

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Engineering measures : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Personal protection

Eyes : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts.

8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

Skin	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Hands	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

9 . Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 53.333°C (128°F) [Pensky-Martens.]
Auto-ignition temperature	: Lowest known value: 244°C (471.2°F) (2-butoxyethanol).
Flammable limits	: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.1% Upper: 10.6% (2-butoxyethanol)
Color	: Amber.
Odor	: Aromatic.
Boiling/condensation point	: Lowest known value: 138.85°C (281.9°F) (xylene). Weighted average: 199.95°C (391.9°F)
Melting/freezing point	: May start to solidify at the following temperature: <-20°C (-4°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.. Weighted average: -47.89°C (-54.2°F)
Specific gravity	: 0.932 [ASTM D 4052]
Vapor pressure	: Highest known value: 0.7 to 0.9 kPa (5 to 6.6 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (xylene). Weighted average: 0.07 kPa (0.53 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
Vapor density	: Highest known value: 5.5 (Air = 1) (Light ends of Polyethylbenzene Residue). Weighted average: 4.93 (Air = 1)
Evaporation rate	: Highest known value: 0.77 (xylene) Weighted average: 0.19 compared with Butyl acetate.
Dispersibility properties	: Not dispersible in the following materials: cold water.
Solubility	: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water, hot water, diethyl ether and acetone.

10 . Stability and reactivity

Stability and reactivity	: The product is stable.
Incompatibility with various substances	: Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials. Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids and alkalis.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Hazardous polymerization	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.
Conditions of reactivity	: Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge.
Effect on metal	: phenol, 2,2'-[(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)bis(nitrilomethylidene)]bis- : Chelating agent. Do not store in contact with iron, zinc, copper or their alloys

11 . Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
2-butoxyethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	220 mg/kg	-
	LD50	Rat	220 mg/kg	-
	Intraperitoneal			
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	307 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	470 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	917 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	250 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Unreported	Rat	917 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Oral	Rat	1500 mg/kg	-
	TDL0 Oral	Rat	500 mg/kg	-
TDL0 Unreported	Rat	250 mg/kg	-	
Alkylated phenol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1670 mg/kg	-
phenol, 2,6-di-tert-butyl-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>10000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
o-Xylene phenol, 2,2'-[(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediy)]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis-xylene	LD50 Oral	Rat	3567 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4560 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	4320 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
naphthalene	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	Vapor			
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	490 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	>340 mg/m ³	1 hours
	Vapor			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Sensitizer

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
phenol, 2,2'-[(1-methyl-1,2-ethanediy)]bis(nitrilomethylidyne)]bis-	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
2-butoxyethanol	A3	3	-	-	-	-
o-Xylene	A4	3	-	-	-	-
xylene	A4	3	-	-	-	-
naphthalene	A4	2B	-	-	Possible	-
ethylbenzene	A3	2B	-	-	-	-

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12 . Ecological information

Environmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Species	Exposure
solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	-	Acute EC50 3 to 10 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	-	Acute EC50 1 to 3 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	-	Acute LC50 2 to 5 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-butoxyethanol	-	Acute LC50 1490 mg/L	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 1250000 ug/L	Fish - Inland silverside -	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 800000 to 1000000 ug/L	Marine water Crustaceans - Common shrimp, sand shrimp -	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 1490000 ug/L	Marine water Crangon crangon	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 1490000 ug/L	Fish - Bluegill - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
Alkylated phenol	-	Acute LC50 0.0609 mg/L	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
o-Xylene	-	Acute EC50 1.39 mg/L	Daphnia -	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 7.6 mg/L	Daphnia magna	96 hours
xylene	-	Acute LC50 7.6 mg/L	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 3.3 mg/L	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
naphthalene	-	Acute EC50 1.96 mg/L	Fresh water Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 1.8 mg/L	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
ethylbenzene	-	Acute EC50 7.2 mg/L	Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum	48 hours
	-	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/L	Daphnia -	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/L	Daphnia magna	96 hours
			Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Biodegradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

13 . Disposal considerations

Waste disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

13 . Disposal considerations

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements.

The information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14 . Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	NA1993	Combustible liquid, n.o.s. (xylene, 2-butoxyethanol)	Combustible liquid.	III		<u>Limited quantity</u> Yes. <u>Packaging instruction</u> Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: 60 L Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: 220 L <u>Special provisions</u> IB3,T1, T4, TP1
TDG Classification	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (xylene)	3	III		<u>Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index</u> 5 <u>Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index</u> 60 <u>Special provisions</u> 16
Mexico Classification	UN1993	LIQUIDO INFLAMABLE, N.E.P. (xylene)	3	III		<u>Special provisions</u> 223, 274
ADR/RID Class	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (xylene)	3	III		<u>Hazard identification number</u> 30 <u>Limited quantity</u> LQ7 <u>CEFIC Tremcard</u> 30GF1-III
IMDG Class	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (xylene)	3	III		<u>Emergency schedules (EmS)</u> F-E, _S-E_

14 . Transport information

IATA-DGR Class	UN1993	n.o.s. (xylene)				Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 60 L Packaging instructions: 309 Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 220 L Packaging instructions: 310 Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 10 L Packaging instructions: Y309
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PG* : Packing group

Reportable quantity : CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: naphthalene: 100 lbs. (45.4 kg); xylene: 100 lbs. (45.4 kg); ethylbenzene: 1000 lbs. (454 kg); cresol: 100 lbs. (45.4 kg); phenol: 1000 lbs. (454 kg); o-Xylene: 1000 lbs. (454 kg); 2-butoxyethanol; toluene: 1000 lbs. (454 kg); cumene: 5000 lbs. (2270 kg);

Flash point : Closed cup: 53.333°C (128°F) [Pensky-Martens.]

15 . Regulatory information

United States

HCS Classification

: Combustible liquid
 Toxic material
 Irritating material
 Sensitizing material
 Carcinogen
 Target organ effects

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 4(a) final test rules: naphthalene
 TSCA 8(a) PAIR: naphthalene; 2-tert-butylphenol; Alkylated phenol
United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
 TSCA 12(b) one-time export: naphthalene
SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found. **SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification**: No products were found. **SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals**: naphthalene; xylene; o-Xylene; 2-butoxyethanol
SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: naphthalene: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; xylene: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; o-Xylene: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; 2-butoxyethanol: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: naphthalene; ethylbenzene; phenol; toluene
Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: naphthalene; xylene; ethylbenzene; cresol; phenol; o-Xylene; toluene
Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention: No products were found. **Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances**: No products were found. **Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances**: No products were found.
 Not applicable

SARA 313

Form R - Reporting requirements

<u>Product name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>Concentration</u>
: 2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	9.99 - 14.9
o-Xylene	95-47-6	4.99 - 9.99
xylene	1330-20-7	0.99 - 4.99
naphthalene	91-20-3	0.99 - 4.99
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.09 - 0.99

15 . Regulatory information

Supplier notification	:	2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	9.99 - 14.9
		o-Xylene	95-47-6	4.99 - 9.99
		xylene	1330-20-7	0.99 - 4.99
		naphthalene	91-20-3	0.99 - 4.99
		ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.09 - 0.99
State regulations	:	WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.		

<u>Ingredient name</u>	<u>Cancer</u>	<u>Reproductive</u>	<u>No significant risk level</u>	<u>Maximum acceptable dosage level</u>
naphthalene	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.
ethylbenzene	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
toluene	No.	Yes.	No.	7000 µg/day (ingestion) 13000 µg/day (inhalation)

Canada

WHMIS (Canada)	:	Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C (200°F). Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic). This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.
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EU regulations

Hazard symbol or symbols	:	
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Risk phrases	:	R10- Flammable. R40- Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect. R20/21- Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin. R36/38- Irritating to eyes and skin. R43- May cause sensitization by skin contact. R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
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Safety phrases	:	S36/37- Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves. S61- Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet.
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16 . Other information

Label requirements	:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. COMBUSTIBLE. HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN OR IF SWALLOWED. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE. POSSIBLE CANCER HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE CANCER, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.
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Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	*	2
Flammability		2
Physical hazards		0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

16 . Other information

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection :
Association (U.S.A.)



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To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.